

POETRY.

A WORD FROM A PETITIONER TO CONGRESS.

BY J. PIERPONT.

What! our petitions spurned? The prayer
Of thousands—tens of thousands—cast
Unheard beneath your speaker's chair!
But ye will hear us, first or last.

The thousands that, last year, ye scorned,
Are millions now. Be warned! Be warned!

Turn not, contemptuous, on your heel:
It is not for an act of grace
That, supplicants, at your feet we kneel—
We stand—we look you in the face,
And say—and we have weighed the word—
That our petitions SHALL be heard.

There are two powers above the laws
Ye make or mar.—They are our allies.
Beneath their shield we'll urge our cause,
Though all your hands against us rise.
We've proved them, and we know their might:
The Constitution and the Right.

We say not, ye shall snap the links
That bind you to your dreadful slaves:
Hug, if you will, a corpse that stinks,
And toil on with it to your graves!
But, that ye may go, coupled thus,
Ye never shall make slaves of us.

And what, but more than slaves, are they
Who'er told they ne'er shall be denied
The right of prayer; yet, when they pray,
Their prayers, unheard, are thrown aside?
Such mockery they will tamely bear,
Who'er fit an iron chain to wear.

"The ox, that treadeth out the corn,
Thou shalt not muzzle."—Thus saith God.
And will ye muzzle the free-born—
The man—The owner of the sod—
Who "gives the grazing ox his meat,"
And you—his servants here—your sod?

There's a cloud, blackening up the sky!
East, West and North, its curtain spreads:
Lift to its muttering folds your eye!
Beware! for, bursting on your heads,
It hath a force to bear you down:
'Tis an INSULTED PEOPLE'S FROWN.

Ye may have heard of the Sultan,
And how his Janissaries fell!
Their barracks, near the Atmeidan
He barred, and fired—and their death yell
Went to the stars—their blood ran
In brooks across the Atmeidan.

The despot spake: and, in one night,
The deed was done. He wielded, alone,
The sceptre of the Ottomite,
And brooks no brother near his throne.
Even now, the bow-string, at his beck,
Springs round his mightiest subject's neck.

Yet will He, in his saddle, stoop,
I've seen him, in his palace-yard—
To take petitions from a troop
Of women, who, behind his guard,
Come up, their several suits to press,
To state their wrongs, and ask redress.

And these, into his house of prayer,
I've seen him take; and, as he spreads
His own before his maker there,
These women's prayers he hears or reads:
For, while he wears the diadem,
He is instead of God to them.

And this he must do. He may grant,
Or may deny; but hear he must.
Were his Seven Towers of adamant,
They'd soon be level'd with the dust,
And "public feeling" make short work,
Should he not hear them—with the Turk.

Nay, start not from your chairs, in dread
Of cannon shot, or bursting shell!
These shall not fall upon your head,
As once upon your house they fell,
We have a weapon, firmer set
And better than the bayonets:

A weapon that comes down so still
As snow flakes fall upon the sod;
But executes a freeman's will
As light does the will of God;
And from its force, nor doors nor locks
Can shield you:—'tis the ballot box.

Black as your deed shall be the balls
That, from that box shall pour like hail!
And, when the storm upon you falls,
How will your craven cheeks turn pale!
For, at its coming though you laugh,
'Twill sweep you from your hall like chaff.

Not woman, now—the people pray,
Hear us—or from us ye will hear!
Beware! a desperate game ye play!
The men that thicken in your rear—
Kings though ye be—may not be scorned,
Look to your move! your stake!—YE'RE
WARNED.

MORAL & RELIGIOUS.

THE BIBLE.

The testimony of Infidels to the Excellency of the Scriptures.

A most surprising thing, and which ought to be more generally known, is the testimony which the most eminent infidels have given to the excellency of the Scriptures. Lord Bolingbroke, the most respectable, perhaps, of all the infidel writers, declares that "no religion ever appeared in the world, whose natural tendency was so directed to promote the peace and happiness of mankind." And again he says,—"The gospel is one continued lesson of the strictest morality, of justice, of benevolence, and of universal charity." A higher or a juster eulogium cannot be pronounced. We are only surprised that a man could entertain such sentiments, and still remain an infidel.

Rousseau declares that the writings of the most admired philosophers, "with all their pomp of

diction," appear "mean and contemptible," when compared with the Scriptures. He pronounces also a beautiful and eloquent eulogium upon the character of our Savior, and asserts the utter impossibility that such a character should be a mere fiction of the imagination, (as Tom Paine somewhere insinuates.) "The inventor of such a personage," adds he, "would be a still more astonishing object than the hero."

Lord Byron also, in his emphatic language, says, "If a man was ever God, or God man, Jesus Christ was both."

And in the blank leaf of his Bible were found after his death, the following lines in his own hand writing:

"Within this wondrous volume lies
The mystery of mysteries;
And bless'd, forever bless'd, are they
Who read to hope, and read to pray;
But better had he ne'er been born,
Who reads to doubt, or reads to scorn."

The only astonishment is, how men, after such admissions, can remain infidels. Lord Rochester, once himself a distinguished member of their corps, explained it when he said, *laying his hand emphatically on the Bible*—"The only grand objection to this book is a bad life." They know the right and approve it, but pursue the wrong.

LONDON TEMPERANCE ANNIVERSARY.—The following is an extract of a letter from J. S. Buckingham, member of Parliament, to E. C. Delevan, and published in the Albany Argus.

"The first anniversary of our Total Abstinence Society was held at Exeter Hall just a fortnight after the anniversary of the old, or Moderation Society, as it is called here, and I regret exceedingly that Mr. Kirk and your son were not present to see the difference. The number of the auditors present in the orchestra, hall and galleries, must have exceeded 5000 persons. The meeting began at eleven and continued till five, and the attention and enthusiasm was maintained throughout. Earl Stanhope presided, and gave a most interesting history of his father, who, at an early age, in consequence of feeble health, was sent to the continent, where a pupil of the great Boerhave recommended to him total abstinence from all intoxicating drinks and exercise; which advice he followed through life, with the happiest effects; having renovated his constitution, and lived happily to a very advanced age. He also stated that he had abstained himself for the last five years from all that intoxicates, and had influenced all his tenants to do the same with the most wonderful results; that he had now with great pleasure signed the total abstinence pledge, and that he felt himself honored in being made President of the society; and would recommend its principles to the British nation and to the world. No first anniversary of any society ever held in England was so numerous, so brilliant, and so unanimous. The foundation is firmly laid in the hearts and understandings of the multitude, and under the blessing of Heaven, progress will be rapid and durable."

AGRICULTURAL.

PUMPKIN SUGAR.

A discovery has been made in France, a knowledge of which may be made of great importance to the United States, and especially in the Eastern Section. This is the manufacture of sugar from the favorite vegetable of the Yankees. Pumpkins will be no longer converted into pies alone. The saccharine matter will grace the tea table in pure snowy lumps; will whiten the pies with fine pearly powder; and cover the wedding cake with its delicate frost work.

A complete revolution is expected to take place in France in the manufacture of native sugar. In other words, the pumpkin is about to enter the field as a rival of the beet root, and force the Chamber of Deputies to revise its late enactments on the sugar question. An industrious speculator is on the point of establishing a manufactory for extracting sugar from this overgrown and despised production of the vegetable world, the first experiments of which, it is added, have been crowned with complete success.

Such is the prospect in relation to pumpkin sugar in France. But we should like to see the country that dares compete with New England in the growth of fine, large, yellow, sweet pumpkins.—N. Y. Transcript.

PROPOSED MODE OF DESTROYING THE GRAIN WORM.

I had some conversation a few days since with an intelligent farmer, in this town, respecting the weevil, in which he suggested the plan of threshing the wheat as soon as possible after harvesting, and burning the chaff, in order to destroy the grub or crystal. The hint appeared to me a valuable one, if farmers would generally adopt the plan: for by destroying a grub this fall we destroy a fly next summer, and thus keep fifty or a hundred weevils out of our wheat next year.—Maine Farmer.

Boots and Shoes.

GEORGE C. BARNEY begs leave to tender his acknowledgments to the Public for past favors and to inform them that he continues to manufacture

BOOTS AND SHOES at his old stand, where he has on hand and intends keeping, a constant supply of all articles in his line, warranted to be made of the first rate stock, and of course to do good service. Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to call and examine his stock under the assurance that his prices are moderate and the smallest favors will be thankfully received.

N. B. The subscriber would like to exchange a few old Notes and accounts for Cash, Leather, or the common necessities of life. GEO. C. BARNEY. St. Johnsbury Plain, Aug. 12, 1837. 2-4f

RISEING GENIUSES.

SCENE IN A SCHOOL ROOM.—Master.—Fuss class 'n jografee! Scholars.—Yeth'm! Master.—Tummas, what's the biggest river in Ameriky?—The Tombigbee, zur—like keeps a pinchin' on me! He pinch me first zur, & I pinch him back agin!—Take yer seats—fuss class in parson!—Yeth'm!—Moses, pass "Arkansas" six lines from top!—A-r-k ark, a-n-s ans, Arkansas, a-s-s ass, Arkansas!—Pronounce it Arkansas!—but Moses, you aint spellin'—yer passin', child!—O—yeth'er! Harkansaw is a noun—objectiv' case—indicativ' mode—comparative degree, third person, and nominativ' case to scizzars!—You havn't said what gender, Moses!—Feminine gender!—Why?—Corzitz!—Next!—Donno!—Next!—Corzitz a shemale!—Next!—Forgotten zur!—Come, David, you know—Yeth'm!—Well, why is Arkansas of the feminine gender, David?—Cozits—why cozits zur Miss Soury on the norf, Louisiana on the souf, Mrs. Sippy on the east, and ever so many more she females on the west!—Very well, David—you may go to the head—yeth'er a rising genius, and'll make a man before yer mother!—Yeth'm!—Claremont Eagle.

Notice.

THE subscribers having made a large addition to their Woolen Factory are now ready to receive WOOL to manufacture into cloth on shares. CARDING and CLOTH DRESSING done as usual. J. K. & S. K. REMICK. Barnet, Passumpsic Village, August 1, 1837. 2-4w

Wanted.

AND must be had previous to the first day of September next, in exchange for Goods and demands which have become due—Lots of Cash. SHEDD & JEWETT. 1-4f

DR. WM. EVANS' MEDICAL PREPARATIONS. As the enjoyment of health depends on preserving the complicated functions of the stomach, liver, intestines, and lungs, in a healthy and vigorous state, through the operations of which the body receives its growth, its nutrition and its support. It can no longer be astonishing that when these viscera are deranged and cannot perform their proper functions, the whole system should suffer and become disordered. The blood is made from the contents of the stomach, has its red color and vitality given to it by the action of the lungs, and as it performs its duty in circulating through the veins and arteries, has its yellow or bilious excrement, which may be termed its refuse, worn out sediment, collected and discharged by the liver. These viscera, then, are the antimonial mechanism or apparatus by which the blood is manufactured and preserved; and it is therefore obvious that the state of these should be the first consideration of the physician. Now there are various causes that will affect and derange these organs with which the blood has nothing whatever to do. Thus the stomach may be utterly debilitated in one moment, by fright, grief, disappointment, heat of the weather, or any other nervous action; and be wholly unable to digest its food. Is the blood to blame for this? A nervous action of long continuance will produce settled dyspepsia, with head ache, bile, mental and physical debility, and a funeral retinue of other evils. Is the blood to blame for this? Intemperance; by inflaming the coats of the stomach, and leaving it in flaccid prostrate weakness, and an undue quantity and continuance of purgative medicines by producing the same effects, will put this organ almost out of use for digesting wholesome solid food, and thus impoverish the blood and the whole system. Is the blood to blame for this? Again, with regard to the lungs, it is well known, that a slight cold, occasioned by damp wet by a current of air, will inflame the bronchia, all down through the branching air tubes of the lungs and create either excessive mucous, or that dreadful insidious disease, consumption, with pustules and suppuration of the lobes, which through timely remedies may prevent, no earthly skill can cure. Is the blood of the fair and blooming victim to blame for this? So the liver, when climate, sedentary habits, intemperance, or other prostrating causes have withered away or paralyzed it with distention, becomes unable to carry off the bile from the circulation, and instead of discharging it through the gall bladder, leaves it to come through the skin in jaundiced and sallow fluids, and to rush upon the stomach in irregular and excessive quantities. Is the unfortunate blood to blame for this? No: these vital organs are never affected by the blood, until after the blood has been affected by them; they are its makers and masters, and it is merely their work and their passive agent.

Knowing this to be a sound and demonstrated fact in science and experience, Dr. W. Evans' system of practice is in faithful accordance with it. He aims to keep the stomach, the lungs and the liver in vigorous and regular action, as the three great fountains of health and life. For this purpose he describes his beautifully efficacious *Aperient Pills* (acknowledged by medical men who have analyzed and recommended them to be equal to any in the world) in cases which require the cleansing of the stomach and bowels, and his celebrated *Camomile or Tonic Pills*, in cases of nervous irritability, stomachic weakness, or general debility. A vast majority of human diseases having their origin in the general sympathy of the principal viscera with the nervous system; he thus seeks diseases in the most subtle fibres of its roots, instead of vainly hoping to extricate it by plucking off its leaves and more distant branches. His *Aperient Pills* will do all that any purgative medicine can do, that is, thoroughly cleanse the stomach and bowels; and his *Camomile or Tonic Pills*, containing as they also do the most delightful anodyne known in medicine, will do, have done, and are continually doing more to strengthen, restore and sustain the human constitution than any other medicine that has yet been discovered. Of this he has innumerable proofs, and this no man can deny without falsehood.

Dr. Wm. Evans' medical preparations are for all stomach and nervous diseases. In indigestion, dyspepsia, bilious affections or liver complaints, heartburn or acidity in the stomach, tightness at the chest, loss of appetite, pain in the side or flatulency, hypochondriacism, low spirits, palpitations of the heart, nervous weakness, flur albus, seminal weakness, general debility, bodily weakness, chlorosis or green sickness, flatulency or hysteria faintings, hysterics, head ache, hiccup, sea sickness, night mare, gout, Rheumatism, asthma, tic douloureux, cramp, epistemic affections, nausea, vomiting, pains in the side, limbs, head, stomach or back, dimness, or confusion of sight, noises in the inside, alternate flushings of heat and chilliness, tremors, watchings, agitation, anxiety, bad dreams, spasms, will in every case be relieved by an occasional dose of *Evans Camomile Pills*.

Ladies during the time of pregnancy, are often troubled with sickness, vomiting, heartburn, head ache, tooth ache, hysterics and other troublesome symptoms effectually removed by these preparations. Sold at the Bookstore of E. P. WALTON & SON, Montpelier, Vt. 2-1y

To Clothiers!

THE subscribers have on hand the following articles of DYE-STUFF, which they will sell at very low prices for cash or approved credit: *Necroguia, Fustic, Cam Wood, Log Wood, Alum, Copperas, Madder, Blue Vitriol, White Vitriol, Nut Galls.*

It being our intention to discontinue keeping Dye-Stuffs those in want of the above articles can get great bargains by calling soon on SHEDD & JEWETT. St. Johnsbury Plain, August 1, 1837. 1-4f

"We commend the Louisville Journal to the patronage of all political rascals," *Georgia Constitutionalist*.

Well, Sir, there is no man whose recommendation goes further with that numerous class of persons than your own.—*Louis Jour.*

Notice.

THOSE indebted to the subscriber, or to the late firm of Brackett & Bacon, are informed that he will be at the Store of John Bacon at Passumpsic Village on Tuesday and Friday of each week until the first day of October for the purpose of closing his business.

The time has arrived when said demands should be paid, and a further extension than the above time must not be expected for necessity compels him to say that it cannot be granted.

Those that do not avail themselves of this opportunity to make payment may find their demands in possession of Charles Davis, Esq. of Danville. S. G. BRACKETT. Waterford, Lower Village, Aug. 1, 1837. 1-4f

Bible and School Book Depository.

ROBY, KIMBALL & MERRILL.

North End, Main Street, Concord, N. H. PUBLISH and keep for sale a large supply of BIBLES and SCHOOL BOOKS, among which are, the Family Quarto Bible, with a map of Palestine, Copper Plates, Index, and Brown's Concordance; also, the Polyglott and small Bibles, done up in various styles of binding; a very neat Testament, on large type, for old people. Orders for School Books properly attended to, on liberal terms. Concord, N. H. August 1, 1837. 1-8w

MEDICINE.

Luther Jewett.

AT his shop on St. Johnsbury Plain, keeps for sale a general assortment of Medicines. Physicians and families supplied with genuine articles cheap, especially for ready pay. The following are some of the articles.

Morphine,	Wormseed,
Gum Opium,	Peruvian Bark,
Camphor,	Sulph. Quinine,
Arabic,	Winter's Bark,
"Tragacanth,	Columbo,
"Myrrh,	Lunar Caustic,
"Asafetida,	Chloride of Lime,
"Scammony,	do. Soda,
"Guaiac,	Carbon. Ammon.
"Kino,	Anise Seed,
"Catechu,	Cantharides,
"Galbanum,	Isinglass,
"Manna,	White Vitriol,
"Benzoin,	Sal. Ammoniac,
"Frankincense,	Carbonate of Iron,
"Ammoniac,	Essences,
British Oil,	Relie's Asthmatic Pills,
Castor Oil,	"Aromatic
Harlem Oil,	"Toothache
Olive do pure & com.	Lee's, Russels
Croton Oil,	Jewett's
Oil of Checkerberry,	Sins', Aromatic
"Cloves,	Family Blue
"Savin,	Hooper's
"Sassafras,	Anderson's
"Peppermint,	Morrison's
"Cinnamon,	Thayer's
"Origanum,	Brandreth's
"Pennyroyal,	Relie's Bontan. Drops,
"Cedar,	Jebb's Rheu. Linn.
"Lemon,	Down's do.
"Hamlock,	Remedy for Piles,
"Cajuput,	Eye Water,
"Tansey,	Brit. Antisept. Dent.
"Wormwood,	Albion Corn Plaster,
"Anise,	McJohnson's Rheumat-
"Rosemary,	"Ointment,
"Amber,	Sias' do.
"Spice,	Pectoral Elixir,
"Juniper,	Cure for Gravel,
Oxide of Bismuth,	Headache,
Balsam Tolu,	Russel's Itch Ointment,
Balsam Peru,	Dumfrie's
Balsam Copaiva,	Snow's
Alcohol,	Common
Sponge,	Gordak's Drops,
Crude Antimony,	Russel's Bitters,
Ven. Turpentine,	Newton's Bitters
Orange Peel gr.	Hydr. of Potash,
Gentian gr.	Hatease,
Rhubarb,	Black Mustard Seed,
Senna,	White
Magnesia,	Vials,
Calcined do.	Syringes, m. and f.
Soda,	do. large,
Super. Carb. do.	Nipple Shells,
Liquorice Ball,	Pessaries,
Liquorice Root,	Muriatic Acid,
Windsor Soap,	Nitric Acid,
Fancy do.	Prussic Acid,
Castile do.	Quassa,
Burgundy Pitch,	Sperma Ceti,
Glauber's Salts,	Sulphate of Potash,
Epsom do.	Nux Vomica,
Rochelle do.	White Wax,
Pink,	Sulphur,
Rotten Stone,	Brimstone,
Curcuma,	Digitalis,
Otter,	Phosphate of Iron,
Emery,	Carbonate do
Ipecac,	Aethiops Mineral,
Cantharides,	Unguentum,
Aqua Ammonia,	Paregoric,
Blistering Plaster,	Elixir Pro.
Diachylon do.	Arrow Root,
Adhesive do.	Arsenic,
Dr. Oliver's, do.	Cochineal,
Uva Ursi,	Cam. Flowers
Crem Tartar,	Extract of Gentian,
Spirits Tarter dule.	"Henbane,
Aether,	"Stramonium,
James' Powder,	"Cicuta,
Cowhage,	Juniper Berries,
Jalap,	Creosote,
Colocynth,	Savin Cerate,
Iodine,	Dr. Thompson's pre-
Saffron,	paration for canker,
English do.	Rheumatic Ointment,
Seneka,	Vegetable Pills,
Valerian,	Cough Drops,
Ivory Black,	Strengthening Plaster,
Benzic Acid,	Newton's Panacea,
Sp. Lavender,	Down's Elixir,
Red Precipitate,	"Liniment,
Corros. Sublimite,	Pulmonary Balsam,
Quicksilver,	Blood Root,
Castor,	Snake Root,
Cubeb,	Anderson's cough drops
Balaodores Tar,	Moore's Essence of Life
Squills,	Marshal's Headache
Calomel,	"Snuff,
Tartar Emetic,	"Indian black plaster,
Tartaric Acid,	Tinct. Mur. of Iron,
Sugar of Lead,	Babery bark,
Elm bark ground,	&c. &c."
Marsh Rosemary,	

A Prime Assortment

OF English, French and American CALICOES, GINGHAMS and French MUSLINS. Also SILKS for Ladies dresses; Merinos, Camletton, &c. &c. For sale cheap—no mistake—by SHEDD & JEWETT. 1-4f

August 3, 1837. ELEGANT Looking Glasses, CROCKERY and Glass Ware, Hard Ware and Cutlery, Room Paper, Bordering and Chimney Pieces—a prime assortment for sale by SHEDD & JEWETT. 1-4f

Foot broke his leg by a fall from his horse; a silly peer condoling him on the accident, Foote replied—"Pray, my lord, don't allude to my weak point—I have never alluded to yours," pointing to the nobleman's head.

Look at This.

CONSTANTLY on hand and for sale at my Factory at H. Paddock's Furnace, WINDOW SASH, of various kinds and sizes. PANEL DOORS, of 4, 6, and 8 panels, from 1 to 2 inches thick, suitable for outside and inside doors. Window Blinds of different sizes.

He would just say to the public that his Sash, Blinds and Doors are made of the first rate stock by experienced workmen, and in the latest style, and sold on reasonable terms. Please to call and look.

N. B. All orders by Mail or otherwise punctually attended to. LINDORF MORRIS. St. Johnsbury, August 7, 1837.

IMPORTANT. THE TEETHING

OF INFANTS. The time of dentition is a most important period of the infant state, and subject to many complaints and dangers. Above a tenth part of infants die at this particular juncture, by symptoms proceeding from the irritation of the exquisitely sensible nervous part of the gums which eventually induce fever, inflammation, gangrene, twitching of the tendons, convulsions, &c. which formidable symptoms can at all times, be obviated from causing such infantile mortality, by mothers and nurses promptly allaying the local irritation of the parts. To effect this desirable object, Doctor J. A. Parish's celebrated Syrup for INFANTILE TEETHING is unrivalled, when applied to the infant's gums, (according to the directions,) it universally produces immediate relief, it is pleasant and palatable, that all babies will instinctively allow the gums to be rubbed with it. This remedy has saved thousands of infants from a recurrence of that fatal complaint—convulsions—even after the child had several attacks of the malady! Sold at 100 Chatham street, New York, and at the Bookstore of E. P. WALTON & SON, Montpelier, Vermont. 4-1y

Salt! Salt!

SHEDD & JEWETT have for sale 30 bushels of Coarse and a few bushels of Fine Salt. Those in want of salt, or who are going to want it before winter will do well to call soon, Aug. 8, 1837. 1-4f

Aprons! Aprons!

A NEW lot of INDIA RUBBER APRONS—just opened and for sale cheap by SHEDD & JEWETT. 1-4f

August 2, 1837.

Foundry and Machine Shop.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the inhabitants of the County of Caledonia and its vicinity, that he is now ready to answer all orders for IRON CASTINGS AND MACHINERY. His Foundry is under the superintendence of Mr. JOHN C. PADDOCK, who is an experienced workman in all the various branches of the Iron Foundry business, such as Loam, Dry Sand, and Common Moulding. His workmen are of good habits, and well acquainted with the business. The Furnace will be kept in constant operation with a good Stock of Iron and Coal. Scotch Iron will be kept constantly on hand for Machinery and other soft castings.

His Machine Shop is under the superintendence of Mr. AMASA KASSON, who is a first rate workman, both in Iron and Wood. Within the last year the Machine Shop has been furnished with new TURNING LATHES, or ENGINES, one of which is superior to any in the State. It is constructed for turning large Shafts, Mill Spindles, Sawmill Cranks, Hubs, Boxes, &c. &c. This Latho will turn the length of fourteen feet, and diameter of three feet. He has one other Latho for cutting screws of all kinds, such as taps for screw plates, right and left hand thread, thread of different shape, such as square, sharp or conical.

Among the articles Manufactured at the works, are TURNING LATHES of all kinds, for large and iron, CAST IRON WHEEL HUBS, for wood and small wagons, with wrought iron axletrees, turned and fitted in the neatest order; also, axletrees with pipe boxes.

Orders for patterns, Castings, or Machinery, left with J. C. Paddock, at the Foundry, or by mail, will be promptly attended to.

HUXHAM PADDOCK.

St. Johnsbury, Aug. 1837. 1-4f

August 1, 1837.

THE subscribers have on hand a general assortment of ENGLISH, FRENCH, AMERICAN & W. J. GOODS, all of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms for cash or approved credit. They will endeavor to do business in such a manner as to give entire satisfaction to their customers. Gentlemen and Ladies are invited to call and examine for themselves.

SHEDD & JEWETT.

St. Johnsbury Plain. 1-4f

Notice.

CAME in the enclosure of the subscriber on, or about 17th of July last, a Chesnut colored Mare, with a small star in her forehead. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away. SIMEON HILL. Waterford, 7 August, 1837. 2-4f

Dissolution.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers was dissolved on the first day of April last. All demands due the company